

DARBY CREEK HEADWATERS COMMUNITY SCIENCE SNAPSHOT

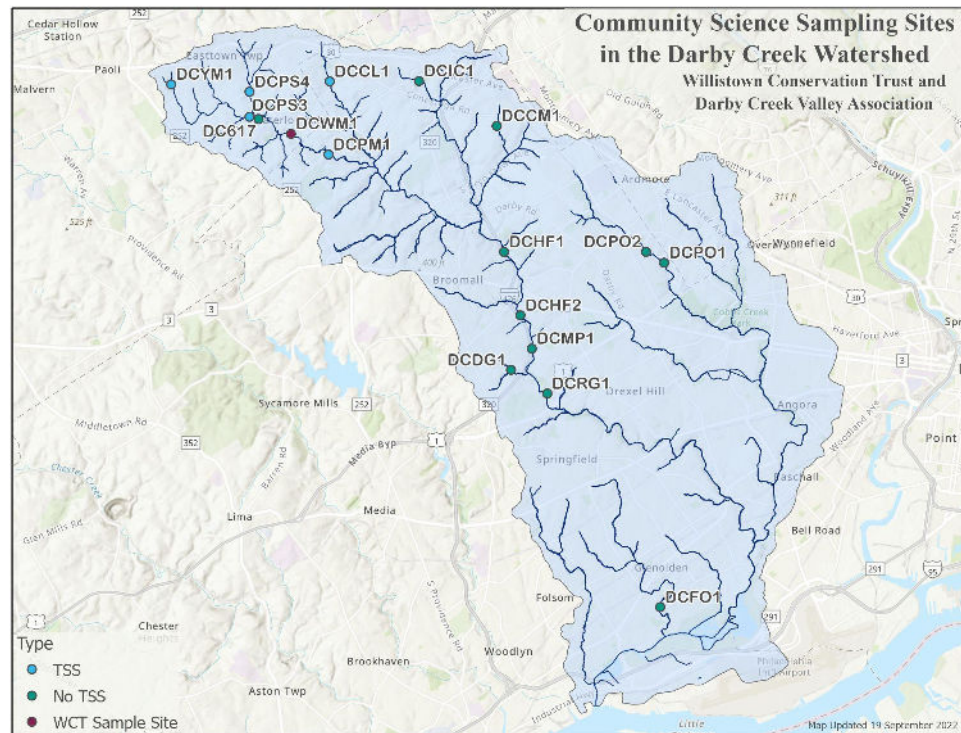
Lauren McGrath, Director of Watershed Protection Program
Anna Willig, Watershed Conservation Research and Data Specialist





DARBY CREEK COMMUNITY SCIENCE MONITORING PROGRAM

- Established in 2021
- Volunteers throughout the watershed are trained and equipped with supplies to collect water chemistry data including:
 - Water temperature
 - pH
 - Chloride
 - Conductivity
 - Qualitative data (Stream substrate, erosion, water conditions, riparian buffer condition, precipitation)
 - Site images
 - Total suspended solids*
- Sites are monitored every four weeks over a period of four days



DARBY CREEK COMMUNITY SCIENCE MONITORING PROGRAM

✓ Four day monitoring period provides flexibility for volunteers

✗ Four day monitoring period allows for weather events to introduce variability within the community science data set

✓ Trained team of skilled volunteers

✗ Volunteers are energy intensive to train

✓ High frequency study design captures seasonal variation across a wide geographic area

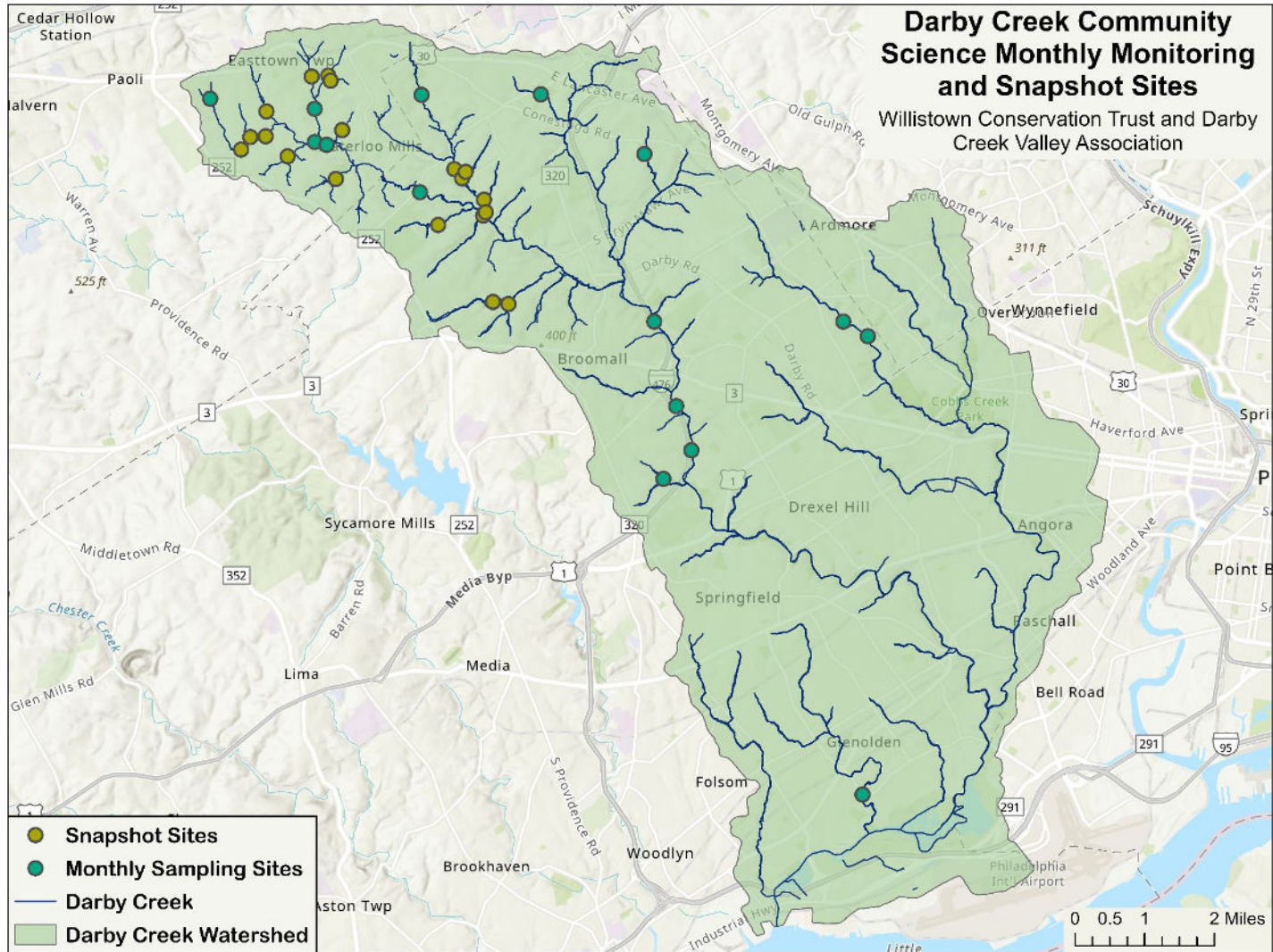
✗ Expansion of program and addition of new sites takes time and energy

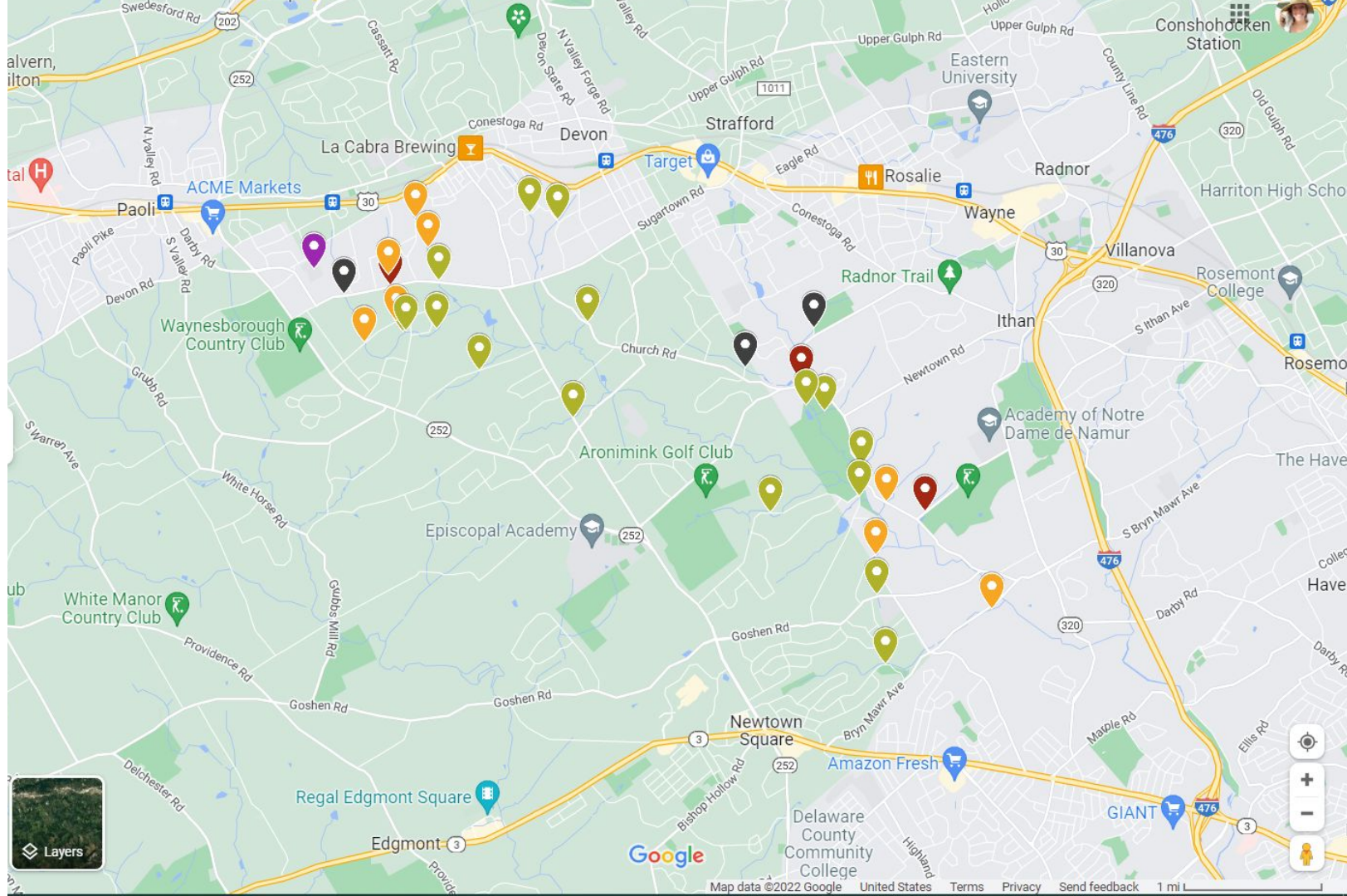
✓ **Solution:** Use the snapshot framework to create a baseline understanding of how small tributaries throughout the headwaters are influencing chloride and conductivity levels.

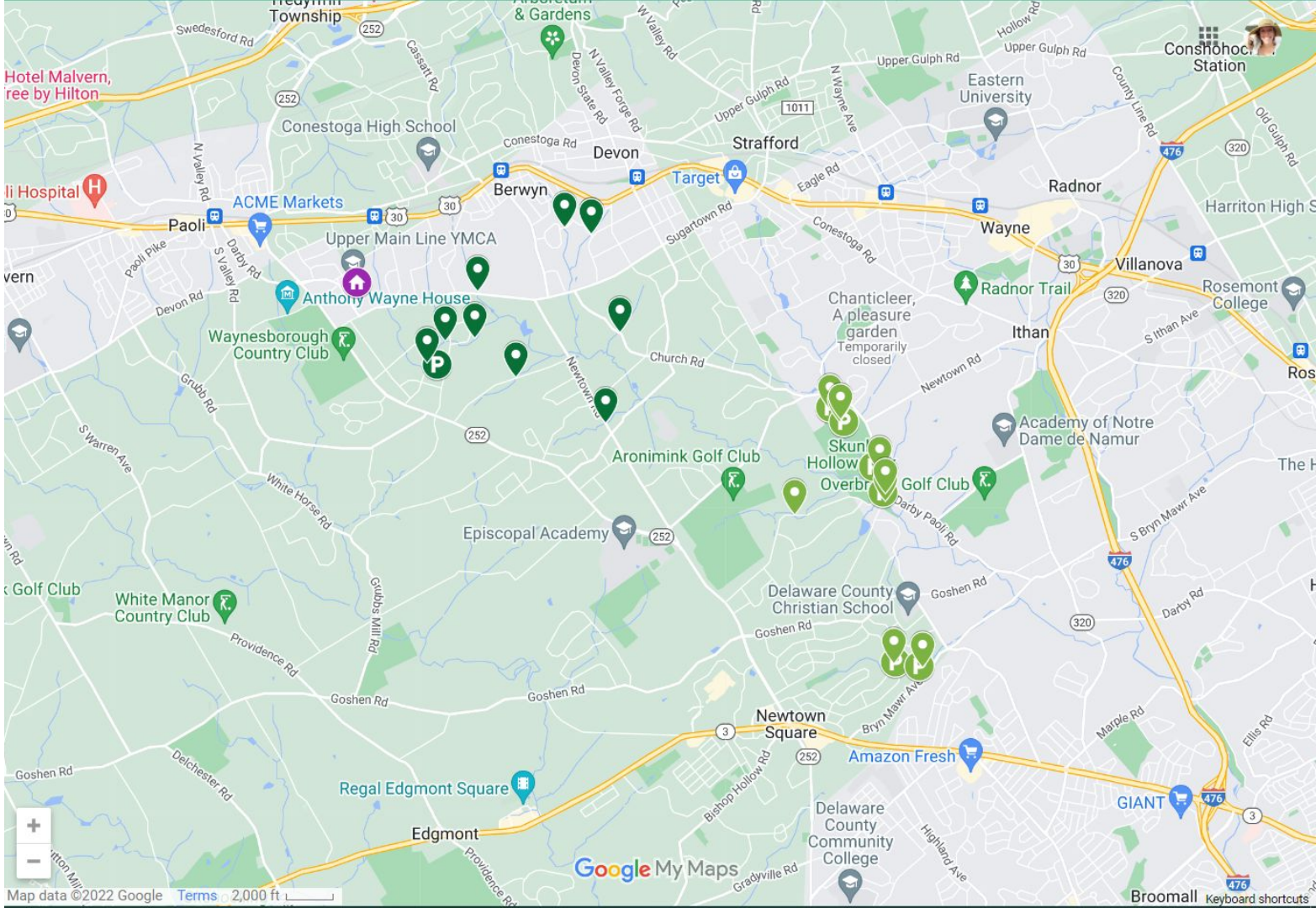
SAMPLING SITES

15 active
monthly
volunteer
monitoring
sites

19 Snapshot
sites









← DCNR1 ↗

name
DCNR1

description
820 Newtown Road Pump Station: Park in pump station parking area. To access stream, walk along Newtown Rd then into the woods. 2 flags at this location.

(Newtown Rd)



2 photos

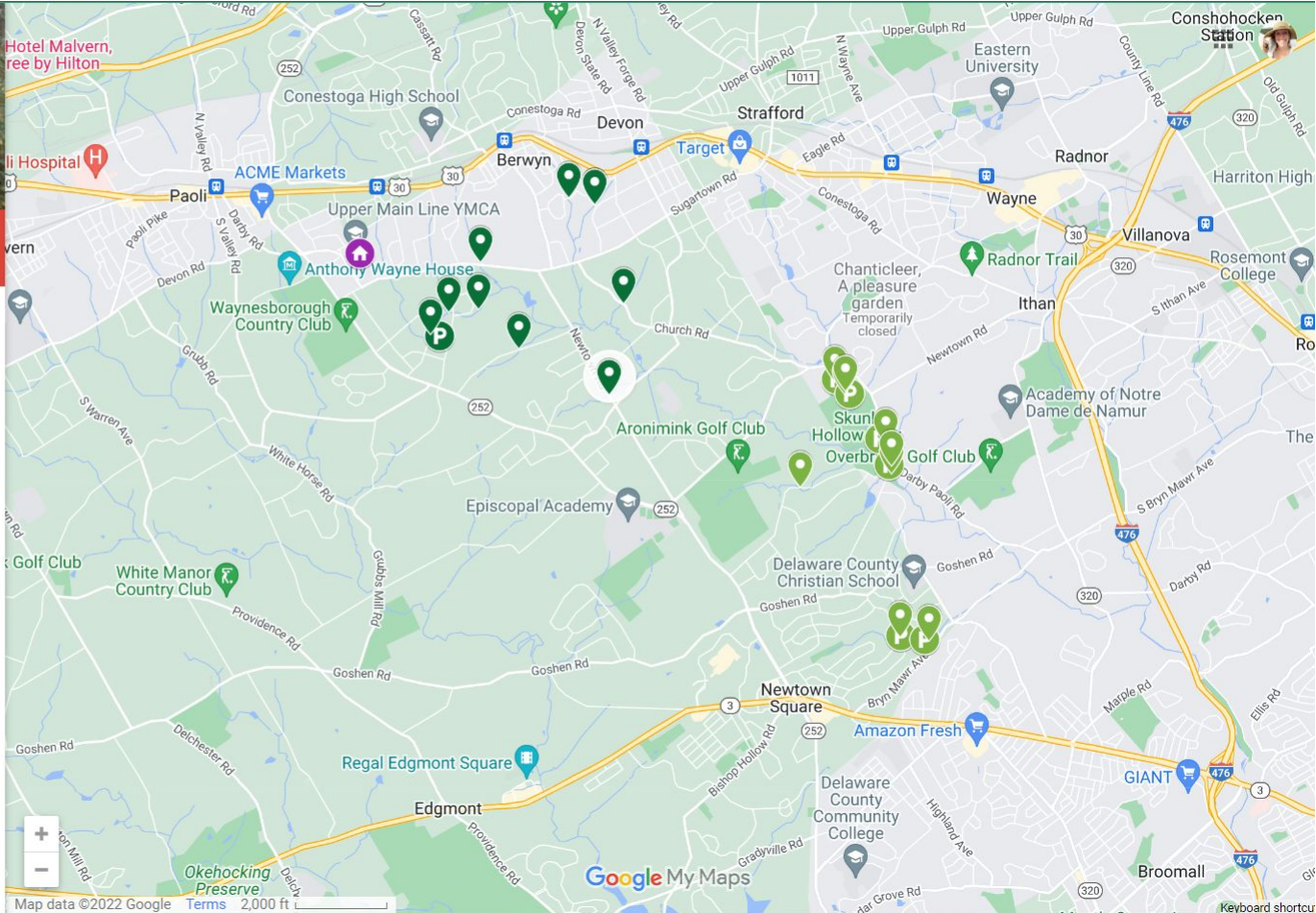




Photo Credit: Dale Weaver

OUR TEAM

From left to right:

Charlie Coulter (Volunteer)

Anna Willig (WCT)

Lauren McGrath (WCT)

Michelle Lampley (UMLY)

Deirdre Gordon (Volunteer)

Lloyd Cole (Volunteer)

Dale Weaver (Volunteer)

Aurora Dizel (DCVA)



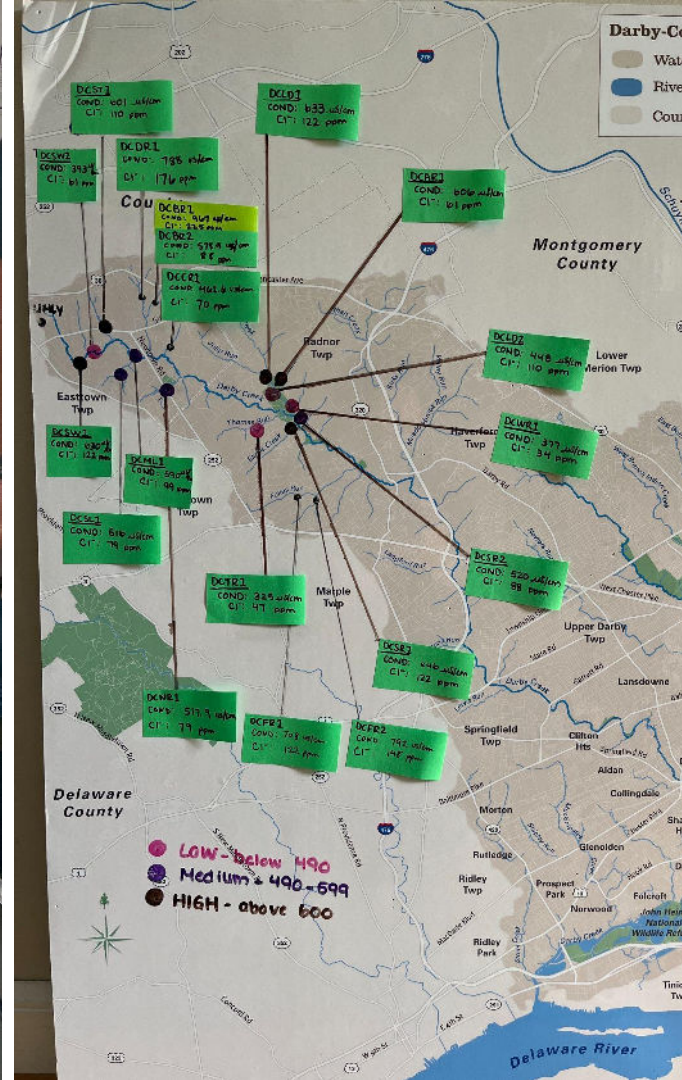




Photo Credit: Charlie Coulter

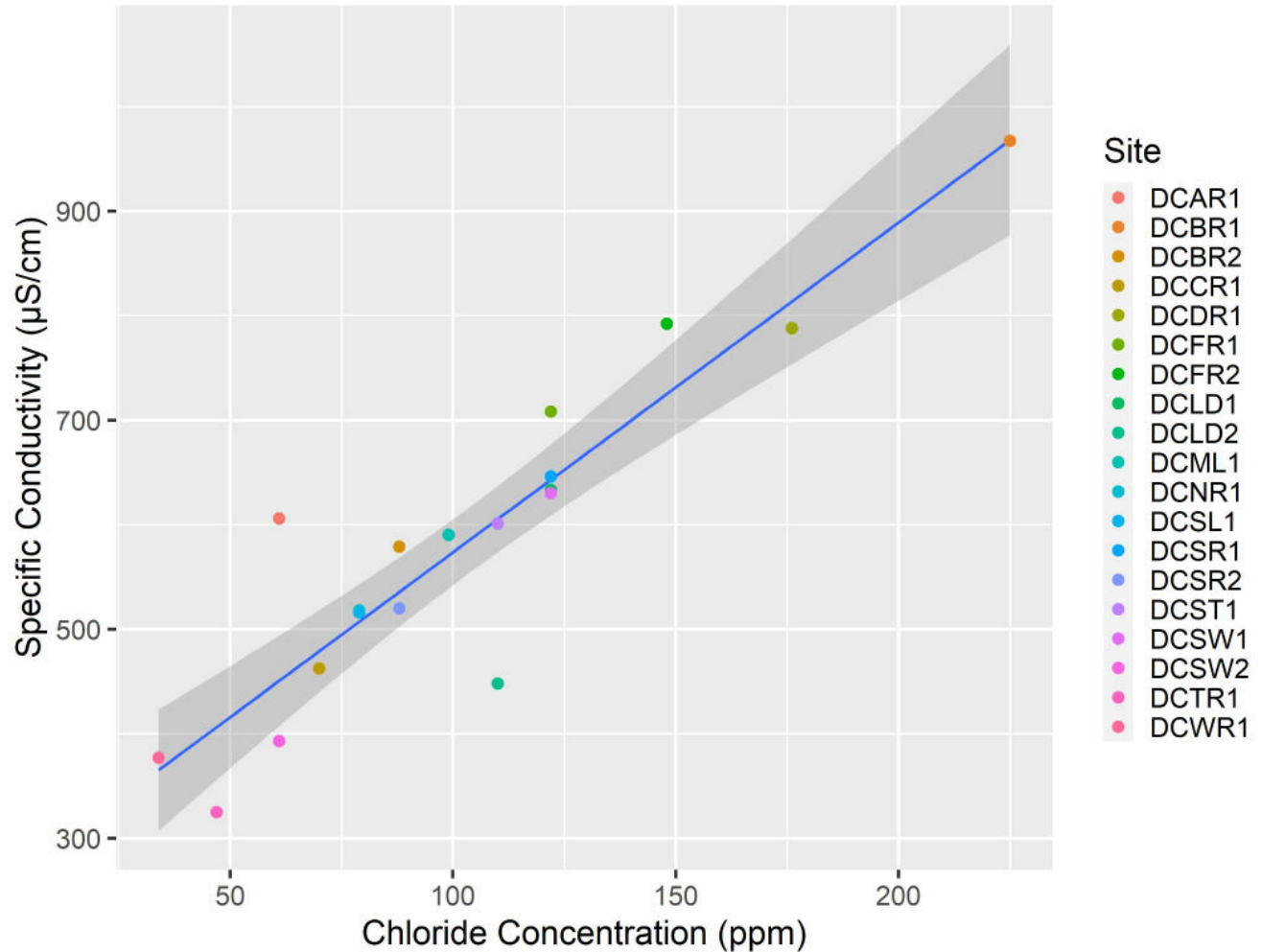


Photo Credit: Lloyd Cole



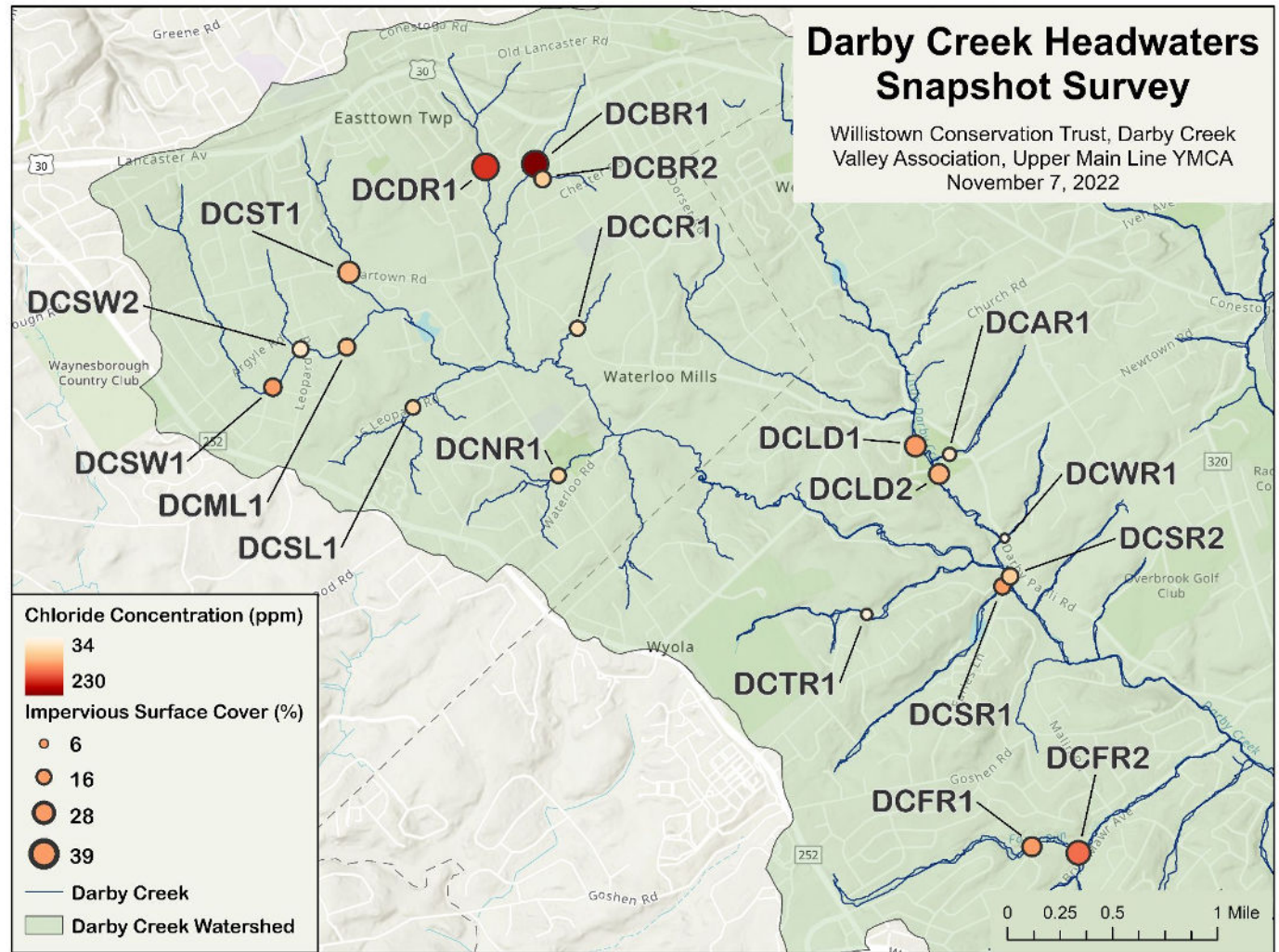
RESULTS

- SPC ranged from 325 – 967 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$
- Chloride concentration ranged from 34 – 225 ppm
- Strong relationship between SPC and chloride concentration



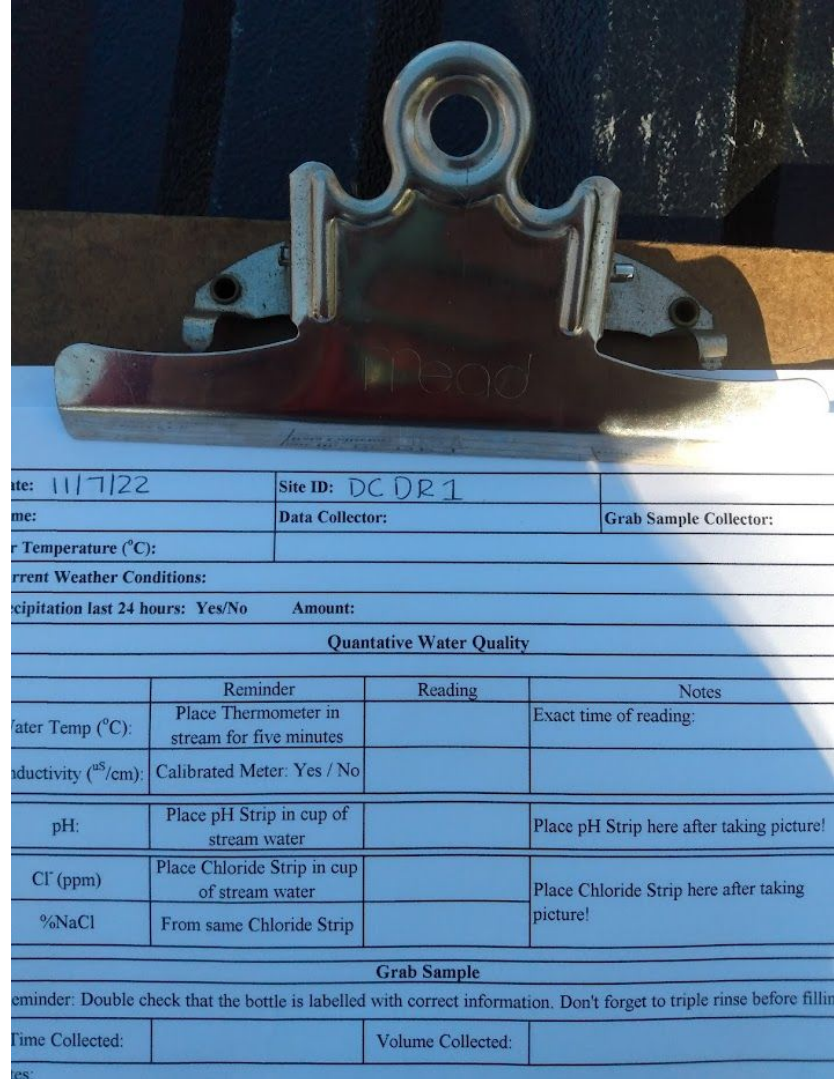
LAND USE AND CHLORIDES

- Impervious surface cover ranged from 6 - 39%
- As impervious surface cover increases, so does chloride concentration



LESSONS LEARNED

- ❌ 9-10 sites per volunteer pair was a too many sites
- ❌ It took longer to select and scout sites that first anticipated - give more time to prepare
- ❌ Share the site map sooner with volunteers



ate: 11/7/22 Site ID: DC DR 1

me: Data Collector: Grab Sample Collector:

r Temperature (°C):

urrent Weather Conditions:

precipitation last 24 hours: Yes/No Amount:

Quantative Water Quality

	Reminder	Reading	Notes
Water Temp (°C):	Place Thermometer in stream for five minutes		Exact time of reading:
Conductivity (µS/cm):	Calibrated Meter: Yes / No		
pH:	Place pH Strip in cup of stream water		Place pH Strip here after taking picture!
Cl ⁻ (ppm)	Place Chloride Strip in cup of stream water		Place Chloride Strip here after taking picture!
%NaCl	From same Chloride Strip		

Grab Sample

Reminder: Double check that the bottle is labelled with correct information. Don't forget to triple rinse before filling

Time Collected: Volume Collected:

es:

LESSONS LEARNED

- ✓ Pair up volunteers!
- ✓ Flagging the sites was helpful
- ✓ Put the data on a map right as it becomes available
- ✓ Science with friends is always fun - partnering made this project a success!



THANK YOU!

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